



WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.A. Programme (Only for Female Candidates) 1st Semester Examination, 2019

ENGLCOR01T-ENGLISH (LCC1)

NEW SYLLABUS

SET-I

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

INSTRUCTION TO THE CANDIDATES

ANSWER IN OMR SHEET ONLY

Write your roll number in the space provided in the OMR Sheet. This paper consists of fifty multiple-choice type of questions. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle on the correct response against each item in the OMR sheet. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated. You have to return the OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.

ATTEMPT ALL QUESTIONS

1. The poem "Sita" is written by
(A) Toru Dutt (B) W. Blake (C) R. N. Tagore (D) W. Shakespeare
2. How many children were in the "darkened room" in the poem "Sita"?
(A) One (B) Two (C) Three (D) Four
3. Who was narrating the story to the children in the poem "Sita"?
(A) Their grandmother (B) Their grandfather (C) Their mother (D) Their father
4. Which old story is being narrated in the poem "Sita"?
(A) The mother's story (B) Sita's story (C) Gita's story (D) Savitri's story
5. Who has written the poem "Where the Mind is Without Fear"?
(A) Toru Dutt (B) Sarojini Naidu
(C) Rabindranath Tagore (D) William Shakespeare
6. What is the meaning of the word 'dreary'?
(A) Dull (B) Gloomy (C) Boring (D) All of these
7. Complete the sentence "Where tireless striving stretches its arms towards..."
(A) fear (B) perfection (C) walls (D) dead habit
8. What happened when the poet sat down to write?
(A) She started dancing (B) She started cooking
(C) Her brain was in a fog (D) She started crying

9. Identify the name of the poem written by Prathibha Nandakumar
(A) Tale (B) Song (C) Poem (D) None of these
10. Why was the poet thinking of writing a new poem according to Prathibha Nandakumar?
(A) For the poetry festival (B) For the film festival
(C) For the dance festival (D) For the theatre festival
11. What is the meaning of the word 'fragrant'?
(A) Strong wind (B) Tasty food (C) Sweet smell (D) Small piece
12. What did the poet dream of in Prathibha Nandakumar's poem?
(A) The song (B) The story (C) The pictures (D) The poem
13. Dilip Chitre has written the poem
(A) The Felling of the Banyan Tree (B) The Felling of the Apple Tree
(C) The Felling of the Banana Plant (D) The Felling of the Mango Tree
14. Where did the narrator go from Baroda, in Dilip Chitre's poem?
(A) Calcutta (B) Bombay (C) Delhi (D) Madras
15. Where is the house in Dilip Chitre's poem located?
(A) In the city (B) In the forest (C) On the hill (D) In the village
16. Who ordered the trees to be cut down in Dilip Chitre's poem?
(A) The mother (B) The father (C) The poet (D) Nobody
17. Who is the author of the story "Thakur's Well"?
(A) Tagore (B) Premchand (C) Chetan Bhagat (D) Shakespeare
18. Why couldn't Jokhu drink water in the story "Thakur's Well"?
(A) The water had a nasty smell (B) The water was hot
(C) The water was very cold (D) There was no water to drink
19. How many wells were there in Gangi's village?
(A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) 3
20. What was the name of the Doctor's friend in R.K. Narayan's short story?
(A) Ram (B) Gopal (C) Krishna (D) Lakshman
21. Who had come to the doctor to give news about his friend's illness in R.K. Narayan's short story?
(A) The son (B) The wife (C) The daughter (D) The father
22. What saved the life of Dr. Raman's dying friend?
(A) Doctor's medicine (B) Doctor's word (C) Nurse's care (D) Wife's care
23. What did the narrator find in the box of old things in the short story by Ruskin Bond?
(A) A book (B) A ball (C) A clock (D) A picture of a girl

24. Which season has been described in Ruskin Bond's "The Photograph"?
(A) Summer (B) Winter (C) Rainy (D) Spring
25. What did the narrator's mother bring out from the attic?
(A) Cricket bat (B) A box of old books
(C) Curtains (D) Dolls
26. The noun form of dark is _____.
(A) pale (B) gloom (C) darkness (D) white
27. The synonym of gaze is _____.
(A) cook (B) stare (C) go (D) walk
28. The noun form of bloom is _____.
(A) grow (B) blooming (C) bloom (D) glow
29. Which word in the poem 'Where the mind is without fear' means rigid?
(A) world (B) long (C) wide (D) narrow
30. What is the synonym of beckon?
(A) make (B) call (C) meet (D) sleep
31. The adjective form of mess is _____.
(A) dirty (B) messy (C) mighty (D) wicked
32. The meaning of pester is _____.
(A) care (B) play (C) annoy (D) prepare
33. The antonym of stubborn is _____.
(A) quiet (B) dangerous (C) compliant (D) stupid
34. The noun form of fragrant is _____.
(A) frailty (B) fragment (C) fragrance (D) perfection
35. The opposite of demolish is _____.
(A) throw (B) build (C) catch (D) frame
36. The adjective form of structure is _____.
(A) structural (B) struck (C) strike (D) stroke
37. The synonym of sacred is _____.
(A) funny (B) security (C) section (D) holy

38. The verb form of terror is _____.
(A) theorise (B) terrorise (C) tuition (D) tumbler
39. Thirst is to water, as _____ is to food.
(A) first (B) sleep (C) hunger (D) hanger
40. The opposite of drowned is _____.
(A) floated (B) jump (C) fight (D) down
41. Adjective form of decency is _____.
(A) describe (B) depend (C) dance (D) decent
42. The adjective form of opinion is _____.
(A) opinionated (B) opium (C) opine (D) none of these
43. The opposite of fatigue is _____.
(A) fever (B) bigger (C) vigour (D) tired
44. The opposite of evasive is _____.
(A) indirect (B) active (C) avoid (D) definite
45. To feign means to _____.
(A) walk (B) pretend (C) sleep (D) fight
46. One who gossips a lot is called _____.
(A) gossiping (B) gossipmonger (C) grower (D) grammarian
47. The opposite of silence is _____.
(A) restless (B) break (C) noise (D) poise
48. The verb form of deterrent is _____.
(A) better (B) deter (C) cater (D) patience
49. The adjective form of moment is _____.
(A) momentary (B) monument (C) minute (D) mistake
50. The opposite of spicy is _____.
(A) good (B) insipid (C) variety (D) ardent